

## Last weeks code

```
from time import sleep
from gpiozero import Robot
robot = Robot(left=(22,23), right=(24,25))
def dist to time(dist):
    cm per sec = 60.0
    time = dist / cm per sec
   print (time)
    return time
def robot go(dist):
    time = dist to time(dist)
    robot.forward()
    sleep(time)
    robot.stop()
    robot go(100)
```

## **Today**

- 1. Time our robots going forward for 1 second
- 2. Time our robots going backwardfor 1 second
- Time our robots going left for 1 second
- 4. Time our robots going right for 1 second
- Use the going forward time in robot\_go()
- Copy the robot\_go() function and change it for backwards, left and right
- 7. Test our functions on an obstacle course

```
def angle to time(angle):
    angle_per_sec = 175.0
    time = angle / angle per sec
    return time
def robot_left(angle):
    time = angle to time(angle)
    robot.left()
    sleep (time)
    robot.stop()
```

```
def angle_to_time(angle):
    angle per sec = 175.0
    time = angle / angle per sec
    return time
def robot_go(dist):
    time = dist_to_time(dist)
    robot.forward()
    sleep(time)
    robot.stop()
def robot back(dist):
    time = dist_to_time(dist)
    robot.backward()
    sleep(time)
    robot.stop()
def robot left(angle):
    time = angle_to_time(angle)
    robot.left()
    sleep(time)
    robot.stop()
def robot right(angle):
    time = angle_to_time(angle)
    robot.right()
    sleep(time)
    robot.stop()
robot go (100)
robot_left(90)
robot_right(90)
robot back (100)
```

## **Next week Remote Control**

We will use Pygame but instead of using it to control sprites on screen we will us it to control our robot

If you can get a USB webcam bring it in and we turn our robot into remote controlled camera.